## **Environmental Protection Agency**

consistent with 40 CFR part 1065. Emission results are converted to g/hp-hr at the end of the calculations.

(5) Correct for the net energy change of the energy storage device as described in 40 CFR 1066.501.

[76 FR 57381, Sept. 15, 2011, as amended at 78 FR 36389, June 17, 2013]

## § 1036.530 Calculating greenhouse gas emission rates.

This section describes how to calculate official emission results for  $CO_2$ ,  $CH_4$ , and  $N_2O$ .

- (a) Calculate brake-specific emission rates for each applicable duty cycle as specified in 40 CFR 1065.650. Do not apply infrequent regeneration adjustment factors to your results.
- (b) Adjust CO<sub>2</sub> emission rates calculated under paragraph (a) of this section for measured test fuel properties as specified in this paragraph (b) to obtain the official emission results. You are not required to apply this adjustment for fuels containing at least 75 percent pure alcohol, such as E85. The purpose of this adjustment is to make official emission results independent of differences in test fuels within a fuel type. Use good engineering judgment to develop and apply testing protocols to minimize the impact of variations in test fuels.
- (1) For liquid fuels, determine the net energy content (Btu per pound of fuel) according to ASTM D4809 or ASTM D240 (both incorporated by reference in §1036.810) and carbon weight fraction (dimensionless) of your test fuel according to ASTM D5291 (incorporated by reference in §1036.810). (Note that we recommend using ASTM D4809.) For gaseous fuels, use good engineering judgment to determine the fuel's net energy content and carbon weight fraction. (Note: Net energy content is also sometimes known as lower heating value.) Calculate the test fuel's carbonspecific net energy content (Btu/lbC) by dividing the net energy content by the carbon fraction, expressed to at least five significant figures. You may perform these calculations using SI units with the following conversion factors: one Btu equals 1055.06 Joules and one Btu/lb equals 0.0023260 MJ/kg.
- (2) If you control test fuel properties so that variations in the actual carbon-

specific energy content are the same as or smaller than the repeatability of measuring carbon-specific energy content, you may use a constant value equal to the average carbon-specific energy content of your test fuel. Otherwise, use the measured value for the specific test fuel used for a given test. If you use a constant value, you must update or verify the value at least once per year, or after changes in test fuel suppliers or specifications.

(3) Calculate the adjustment factor for carbon-specific net energy content by dividing the carbon-specific net energy content of your test fuel by the reference level in the following table, expressed to at least five decimal places. Note that as used in this section, the unit lbC means pound of carbon and kgC means kilogram of carbon.

Fuel type	Reference carbon- specific net energy content (Btu/lbC)	Reference carbon- specific net energy content (MJ/kgC)
Diesel fuel	21,200 21,700 28,500 24,300	49.3112 50.4742 66.2910 56.5218

(4) Your official emission result equals your calculated brake-specific emission rate multiplied by the adjustment factor specified in paragraph (b)(2) of this section. For example, if the net energy content and carbon fraction of your diesel test fuel are 18,400 Btu/lb and 0.870, the carbon-specific net energy content of the test fuel would be 21,149 Btu/lbC. The adjustment factor in the example above would be 0.99759 (21,149/21,200). If your brake-specific CO<sub>2</sub> emission rate was 630.0 g/hp-hr, your official emission result would be 628.5 g/hp-hr.

## Subpart G—Special Compliance Provisions

## § 1036.601 What compliance provisions apply to these engines?

(a) Engine and equipment manufacturers, as well as owners, operators, and rebuilders of engines subject to the requirements of this part, and all other persons, must observe the provisions of this part, the provisions of the Clean Air Act, and the following provisions of 40 CFR part 1068: